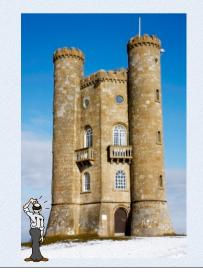


#### Whither software architecture



#### • how did we get here?

- impact?
- where are we going?
- a "soap opera" based on my personal research experience

#### software architecture



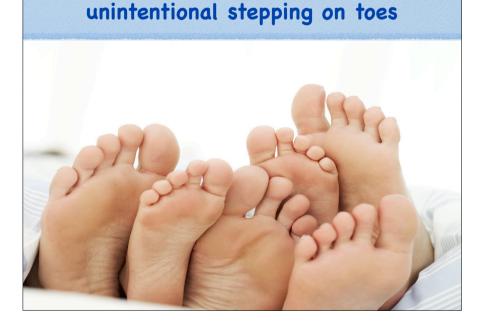
## lots land tlats and hots of publised in the transplaces

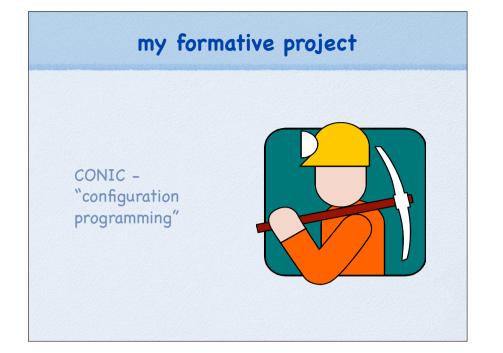
"... software architecture is a set of architectural (or, if you will, design) elements that have a particular form." (Perry,Wolf 1992)

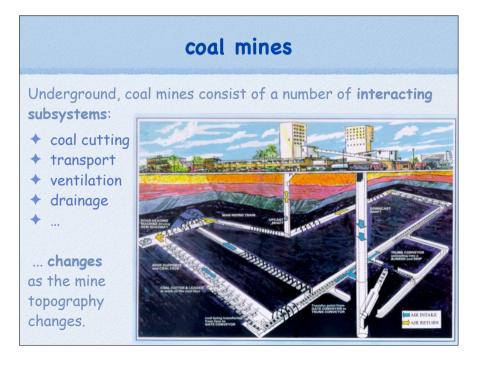
"The software architecture of a system is the set of structures needed to reason about the system, which comprise software elements, relations among them, and properties of both." (SEI 2010)

"A software system's architecture is the set of principal design decisions made during its development and any subsequent evolution." (Taylor,Medvidovic,Dashofy 2010)

Image: Tina Phillips / FreeDigitalPhotos.net







## the CONIC project

Computer Control & Monitoring of underground systems in coal mining.

The investigators:



Guess Who and Morris Sloman

The research assistant:



Jeff Magee

# requirements elicitation

#### ➡ complex

large number of interconnected devices, sensors, actuators, controllers, ...
highly distributed over the min above and be
evolving new coal faces closed of faces closed face

## engineering distributed software

#### Information Hiding

Encapsulation of design behind an interface David Parnas, CACM, 1972

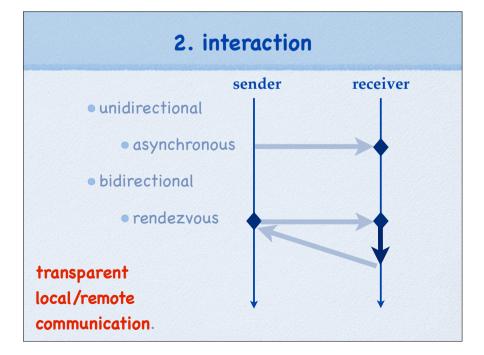
#### Abstraction

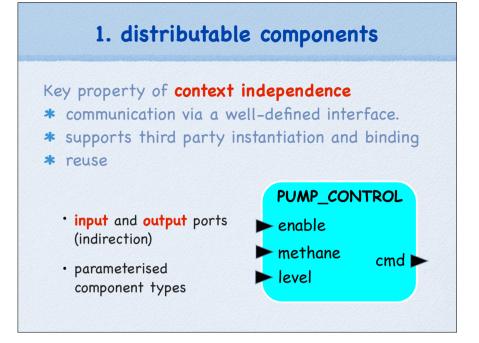
Programming-in-the-small Vs Programming-in-the-large deRemer and Kron, TSE 1975

#### Composition

"Having divided to conquer, we must reunite to rule"

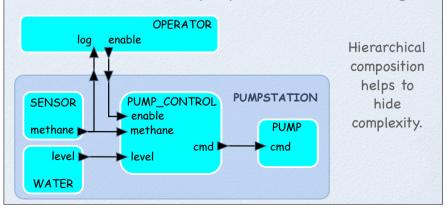
Michael Jackson, CompEuro 1990

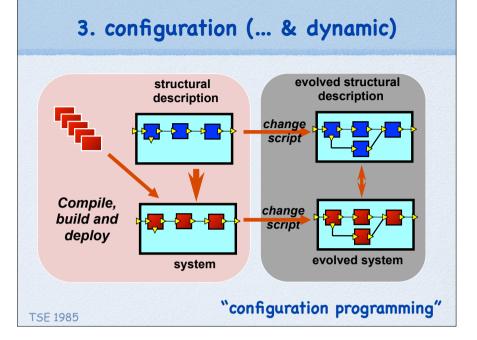




## 3. configuration (static)

**Separate explicit** description of the **structure** of the system in terms of the **composition** of component **instances** and **connections** (ie. third party instantiation and binding).





## CONIC

#### Reusable components

The control software for a particular coal mine could be assembled from a set of components.

#### On-line change

Once installed, the software could be dynamically modified without stopping the entire system to deal with new coalfaces.

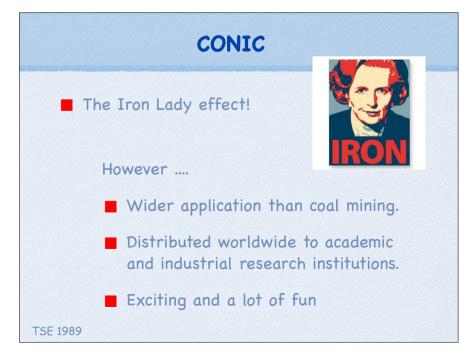
Research team:





Kevin Twidle Naranker Dulay

I WILLE MATAINET DULLY REI

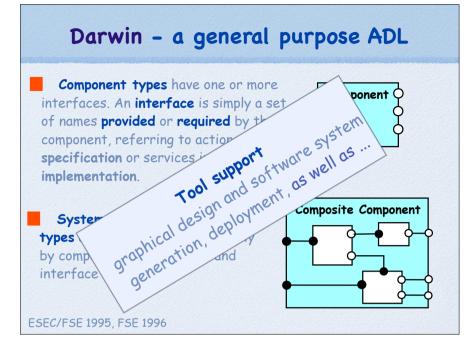


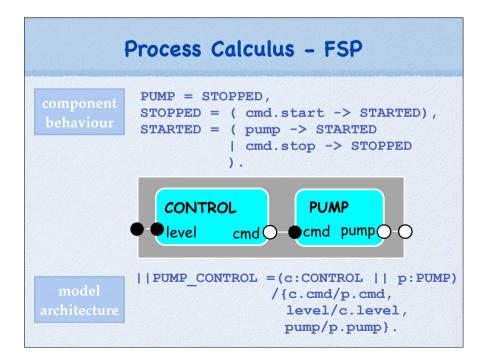
#### CONIC was not general

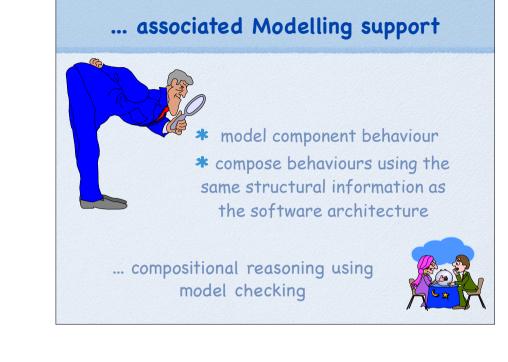
.... was programming language dependent (Pascal)

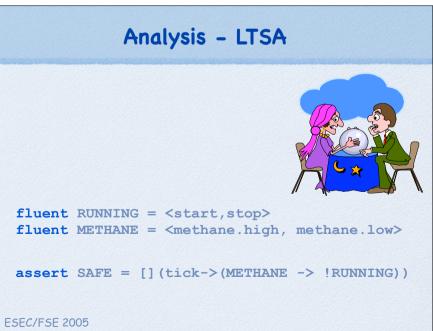
- I .... had fixed communications primitives
- I .... had simple single message interfaces for bindings

Structural view provides a useful level of abstraction.

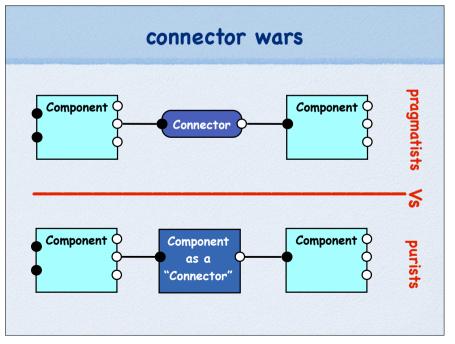




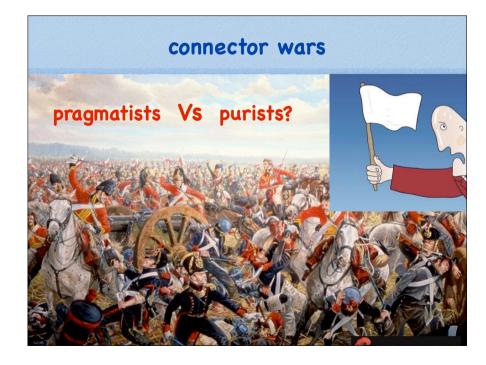


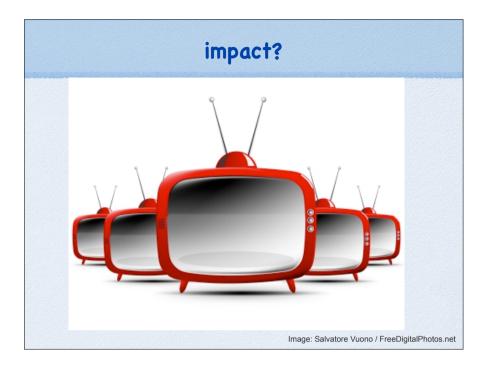










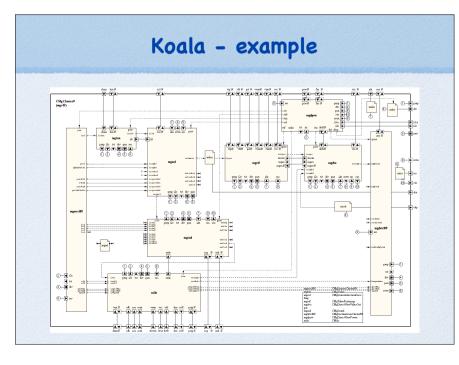




## Koala

In the ARES project Rob van Ommering saw potential of Darwin in specifying television product architectures and developed Koala, based on Darwin, for Philips.

First large-scale industrial application of an ADL.



## Koala

Not more widely adopted, even in Philips!

- ... despite right level of abstraction
- ... despite compiler + code generation
- ... despite support for diversity

## WHY???

# Is Koala the only ADL in use?

ROOM MetaH AADL UNICON WRIGHT ACME Rapide C2 xADL ArchJava SADL UML2?

...



## ADLs have not been widely adopted!

Disappointed but not downhearted

...

#### Architecture research is a success

The abstractions pioneered in software architecture research have actually been very influential.

components vs objects

2006

- qualitative aspects
- reviews/style guides
- architectural patterns
- provides and requires
- UML2
- modelling and analysis

Garlan and Shaw (ESEC/FSE 2011)



Component

Beyond Object-Oriented

Proarammina

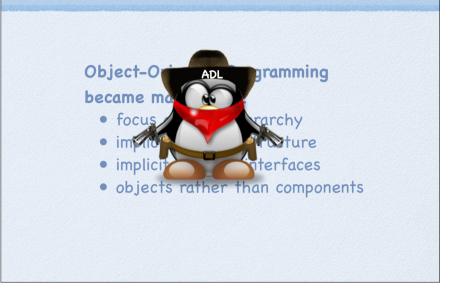
Software

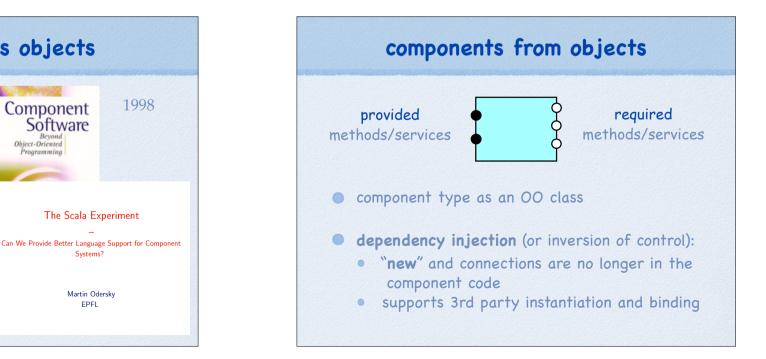
Systems?

Martin Odersky

EPFL

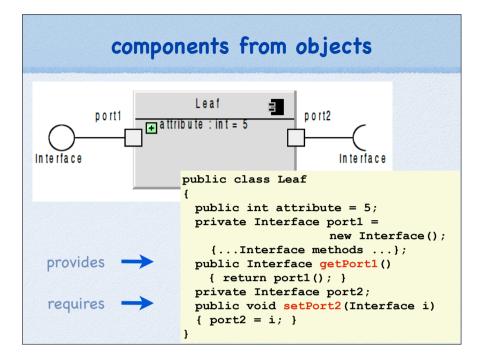
## Why were ADLs not widely adopted?

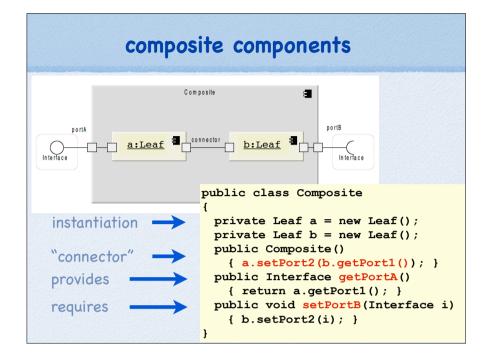


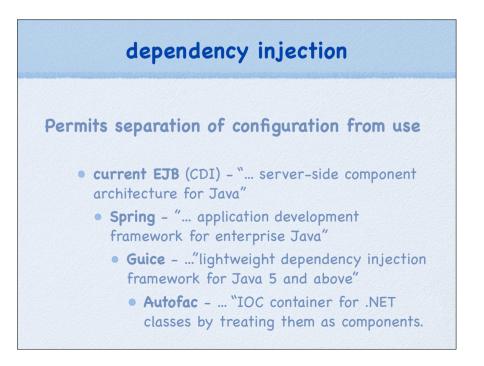


## • benefits of a component oriented view are recognised

• we can gain the benefits even with objects.







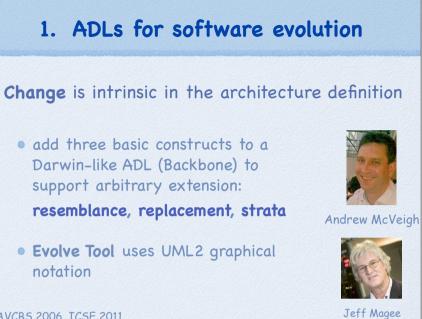
#### rays of hope for ADLs

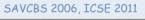
some current practice in programming languages and some application domains

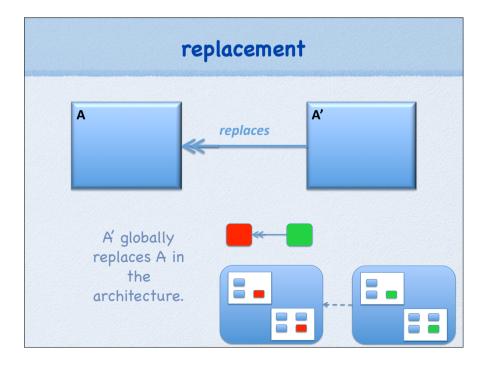


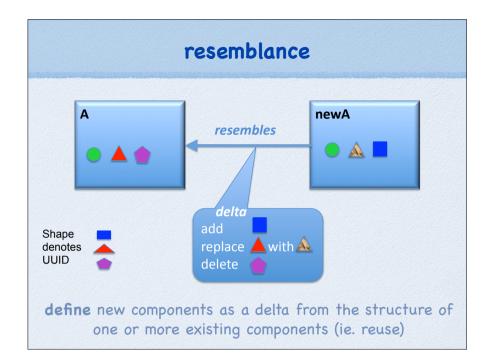
- research on change:
- 1. software maintenance and evolution
- 2. adaptive software

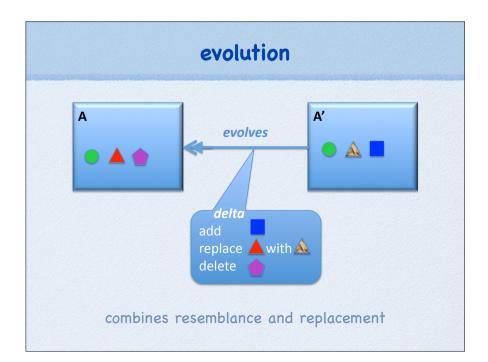


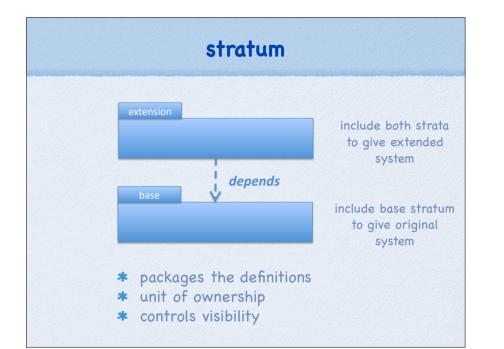












## incremental extension properties

#### **\*** ALTER

Allows any possible extension even if unplanned

\* NO IMPACT

Others are not impacted by extensions they don't want

#### \* DECENTRALIZED

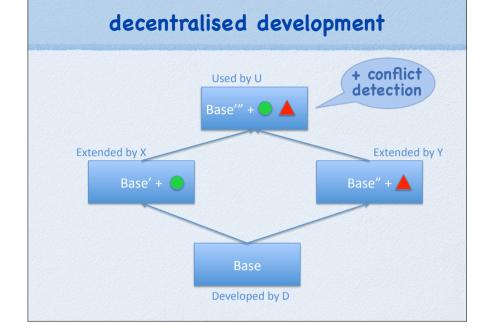
Supports a fully decentralized environment

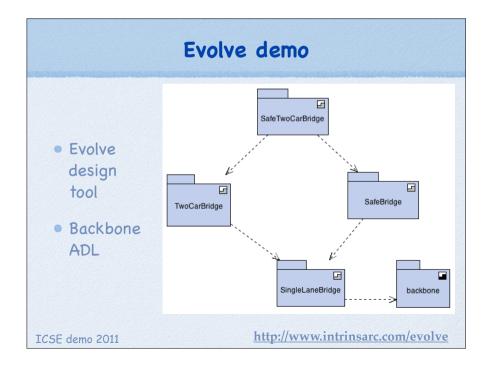
\* COMBINE

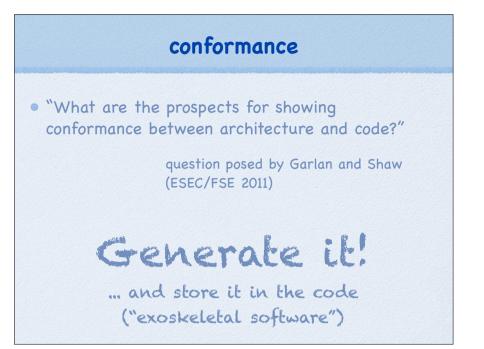
Extensions / upgrades can be combined, problems rectified

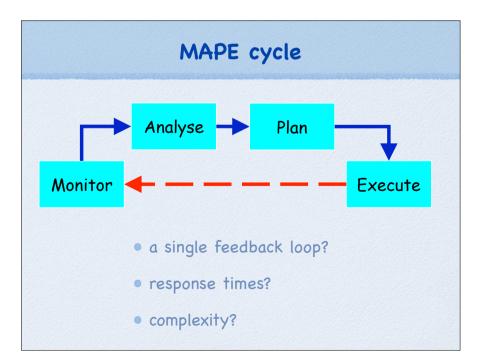
#### \* NO SOURCE

Works even without source code!









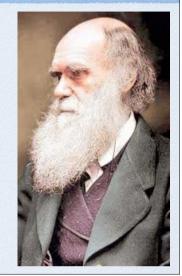
## 2. ADLs for adaptive software

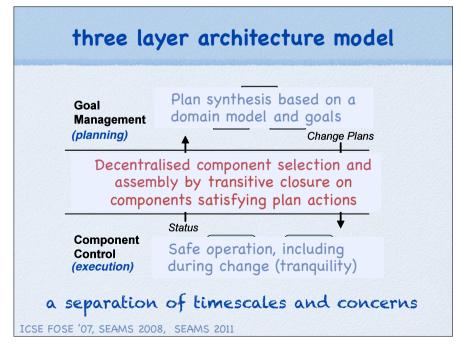
from change in the form of

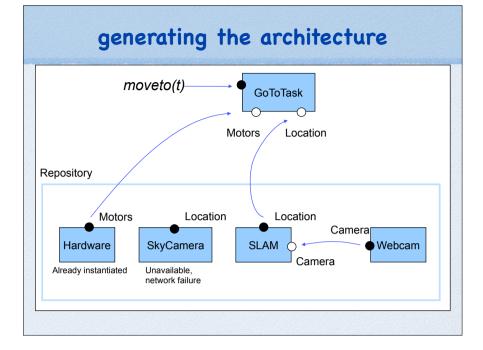
 maintenance and evolution

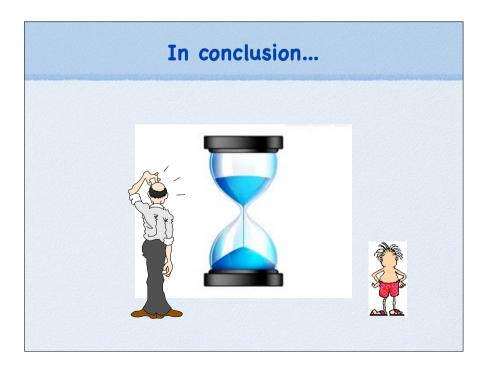
to

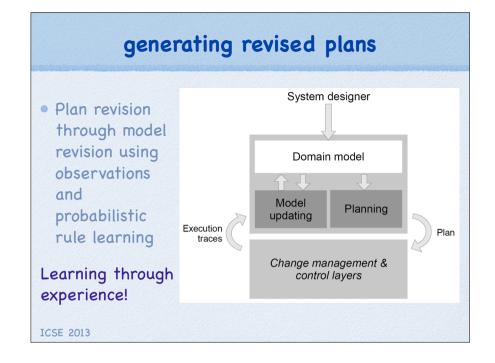
• self-managed software adaptation

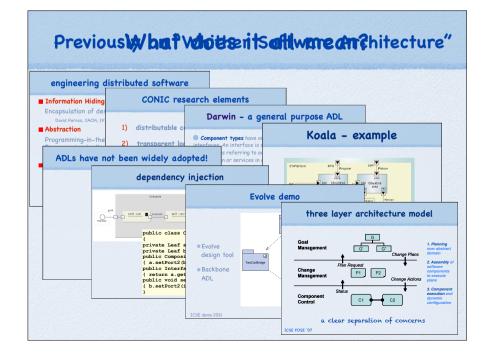




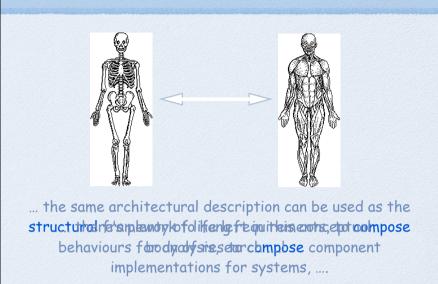








## Architecture as an Abstraction





#### continuing research... partial component model synthesis from goals and scenarios for architectural fragments, merge overlapping models, ➡ compose component models according to the system architecture Sebastian Uchitel requirements elaboration and revision using a combination of model checking and machine learning Dalal Alessandra



FSE 2004, ICSE 2009, ICSE 2012

octroniedogneri

